

# 國立彰化師範大學103學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系所： 資訊工程學系(選考丙)、  
資訊工程學系積體電路設計碩士班(選考己)

科目： 作業系統

☆☆請在答案紙上作答☆☆

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1. Explain the following terms. (50%)
  - a. Round-Robin scheduling algorithm
  - b. Deadlock avoidance
  - c. Semaphore
  - d. Process control block
  - e. System call
  - f. Translation look-aside buffer
  - g. Thrashing
  - h. File system mounting
  - i. Solid-state disk
  - j. Breach of confidentiality
2. What are the advantages and disadvantages of supporting memory-mapped I/O to device-control registers? (10%)
3. Compare paging with segmentation with respect to the amount of memory required by the address translation structures in order to convert virtual addresses to physical addresses. (10%)
4. Describe the actions taken by a kernel to context-switch between processes. (10%)
5. Discuss the relative advantages and disadvantages of sector sparing and sector slipping. (10%)
6. Consider a preemptive priority scheduling algorithm based on dynamically changing priorities. Larger priority numbers imply higher priority. When a process is waiting for the CPU (in the ready queue, but not running), its priority changes at a rate  $\alpha$ ; when it is running, its priority changes at a rate  $\beta$ . All processes are given a priority of 0 when they enter the ready queue. The parameters  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  can be set to give many different scheduling algorithms.
  - a. What is the algorithm that results from  $\beta > \alpha > 0$ ? (5%)
  - b. What is the algorithm that results from  $\alpha < \beta < 0$ ? (5%)