國立彰化師範大學 99 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系所:<u>車輛科技研究所</u>

選考乙

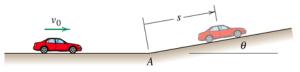
科目:動力學

☆☆請在答案紙上作答☆☆

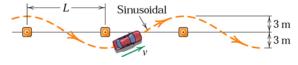
共2頁,第1頁

每題各20分(得攜帶計算器)

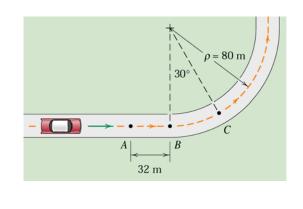
1. The car is traveling at a constant speed $v_0 = 100 \text{ km} / h$ on the level portion of the road. When the 6-percent ($\tan \theta = 6/100$) incline is encountered, the driver does not change the throttle setting and consequently the car decelerates at the constant rate $g \sin \theta$. Determine the speed of the car (a) 10 seconds after passing point *A* and (b) when s = 100 m.



2. In a handling test, a car is driven through the slalom course shown. It is assumed that the car path is sinusoidal and that the maximum lateral acceleration is 0.7g. If the testers wish to design a slalom through which the maximum speed is 80km/h, what cone spacing *L* should be used?



- 3. A particle moves along the *x*-axis with a constant acceleration. When t=0, x=4m and $\dot{x} = 3m/s$. Also, when t=4 s, a maximum value of *x* is observed. Determine x_{max} and the value of *x* when t=12 s. Plot *x* versus *t*.
- 4. The 1500kg car is traveling at 100km/h on the straight portion of the road, and then its speed is reduced uniformly from A to C, at which point it comes to rest. Compute the magnitude F of the total friction force exerted by the road on the car (a) just before it passes point B, (b) just after it passes point B, and (c) just before it stops at point C.



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5. Car *B* (1500kg) traveling west at 48km/h collides with car *A* (1600kg) traveling north at 32km/h as shown. If the two cars become entangled and move together as a unit after the crash, compute the magnitude *v* of their common velocity immediately after the impact and the angle θ made by the velocity vector with the north direction.

