國立彰化師範大學 102 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系所:<u>企業管理學系</u> ☆☆請在答案紙上作答☆☆ 科目: <u>經濟學</u> 共1頁,第1頁

- 1. An individual possesses \overline{L} units of labor and \overline{K} units of capital and uses these two factors in production to produce the two commodities X_1 and X_2 . The unit labor requirements for producing one unit of X_1 and one unit of X_2 are denoted by a_L^1 and a_L^2 , respectively, which are assumed to be constant in production, while the constant unit capital requirements for producing one unit of X_1 and one unit of X_2 are denoted by a_K^1 and a_K^2 , respectively. It is assumed that the respective production possibility curves corresponding to the factor endowments \overline{L} and \overline{K} in the $X_1 X_2$ plane intersect with $a_K^1 / a_K^2 > a_L^1 / a_L^2$. The preference of the individual can be represented by $U(X_1, X_2) = X_1 X_2$. Let p_1 and p_2 represent the market prices of X_1 and X_2 , respectively, which are assumed to be constant with the individual as a price taker. Show graphically and verbally the revenue-maximizing output combination and the utility-maximizing consumption combination for $p_1 / p_2 > a_K^1 / a_K^2$ in the $X_1 X_2$ plane with X_1 represented along the horizontal axis. (25 %)
- 2. Suppose a government attempts to undertake an increase in government spending by requesting the central bank to purchase the government bonds issued to finance the spending increase. In the *IS-LM* framework, discuss verbally and graphically the effects of the expansionary policy on the equilibrium income as money demand is completely insensitive to changes in the interest rate. (25 %)
- 3. 何謂差別取價?請問為何某些企業會採用差別取價的訂價策略?請舉例說明。如果賣方希望達 到利潤最大化,在無法精確得知每位買方願意支付之價格的情況下,你建議賣方如何克服此一 困難?(25%)
- 4. 請問任何一檔股票的合理價值應如何估算?當市場中有許多聰明人嘗試預測公司盈餘或股票價值時,會對股票的均衡價值產生何種影響?請問在財富(Fortune)雜誌中被列為經營最好的前十名公司,是否應該就是投資人投資股市時的最佳投資組合?(25%)