國立彰化師範大學 100 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系所:電信工程學研究所

科目:工程數學

☆☆請在答案紙上作答☆☆

共2頁,第1頁

- 1. (20%) Given a periodic function $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & -L < x < 0 \\ L, & 0 < x < L \end{cases}$ with f(x+2L) = f(x) for all x.
 - (a) Please find the Fourier series for this periodic function.
 - (b) From the Fourier series of (a), please deduce the value of the sum of the series $1 \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{1}{7} + \cdots$
- 2. (15%) Consider the nonhomogeneous differential equation y''' + ay'' + by' + cy = g(t). The general solution of this differential equation is given as $y(t) = c_1 + c_2t + c_3e^{2t} + 4\sin 2t$. Use this information to determine the constants a, b, c, and the function g(t).
- 3. (15%) Use Laplace transforms to solve the following systems of differential equations.

$$4y'_1 + y'_2 - 2y'_3 = 0$$

$$-2y'_1 + y'_3 = 1$$

$$2y'_2 - 4y'_3 = -16t$$

$$y_1(0) = 2 \quad y_2(0) = 0 \quad y_3(0) = 0$$

- 4. (10%) The determinant is known as $det \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 3 & 6 & 10 \\ 1 & 4 & 10 & 20 \end{bmatrix} = 1$, find the $det \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 3 & 6 & 10 \\ 1 & 4 & 10 & 19 \end{bmatrix} = ?$
- 5. (10%) Find the least squares approximation of the system $A\underline{x} = \underline{b}$ where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 4 \\ -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and
 - $\underline{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$ (note: to find the least squares solution $\underline{\hat{x}}$ and \underline{p} , where $A\underline{\hat{x}} = \underline{p}$, and \underline{p} is the least

square approximation to \underline{b} .)

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共2頁,第2頁

6. (10%) Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of \mathbf{A} and \mathbf{A}^2 and $\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{4I}$ (\mathbf{I} is the identity matrix):.

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 7. (10%) Find the pdf, $f_{\mathbf{Z}}(z)$, for $\mathbf{Z} = \mathbf{X}^2$ with the given $f_{\mathbf{X}}(x) = \frac{x}{\alpha^2} e^{-x^2/2\alpha^2}$, x > 0, $\alpha > 0$.
- 8. (10%) If **X** is a Gaussian random variable with mean μ and variance σ^2 , show that $\mathbf{Y} = a\mathbf{X} + b$, where a and b are real constants, is also a Gaussian random variable. Find $\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{Y})$ and $\mathbf{Var}(\mathbf{Y})$.