

國立彰化師範大學106學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系所： 數學系

科目： 線性代數

☆☆請在答案紙上作答☆☆

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1. Find all solutions to the following system of linear equations: (15%)

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 - x_4 = 2 \\ x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 3 \\ 3x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 - 2x_4 = 1 \end{cases}$$

2. Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ be a real 2×2 matrix.

(1) Find an invertible 2×2 real matrix P such that $P^{-1}AP$ is a diagonal matrix. (15%)

(2) Find an invertible 2×2 real matrix P such that P^TAP is a diagonal matrix, where P^T is the transpose of P . (5%)

3. (1) Suppose that $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ is a linear transformation such that $T(1,1) = (1,0,2)$ and $T(2,3) = (1,-1,4)$. What is $T(8,11)$? (7%)

(2) Prove that there exists a linear transformation $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ such that $T(1,1) = (1,0,2)$ and $T(2,3) = (1,-1,4)$. (8%)

4. Suppose A is a 3×4 matrix and $\text{rank } A = 3$. Determine the nullity of A , A^T and AA^T (nullity of a matrix M is the dimension of its nullspace $\{\mathbf{v} \mid M\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{0}\}$). (15%)

5. Determine an orthonormal basis for the plane $P: x - 2y + z = 0$. Find also the projection of $(5, 4, 3)$ on P . (15%)

6. Let A be an $n \times n$ matrix. Prove that if A is invertible, then, for any linearly independent set of vectors $\{\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \dots, \mathbf{v}_k\}$, $\{A\mathbf{v}_1, A\mathbf{v}_2, \dots, A\mathbf{v}_k\}$ is linearly independent. Is the converse true? Justify your answer. (20%)